

## Trend Study 19A-9-02

Study site name: Rocky Canyon

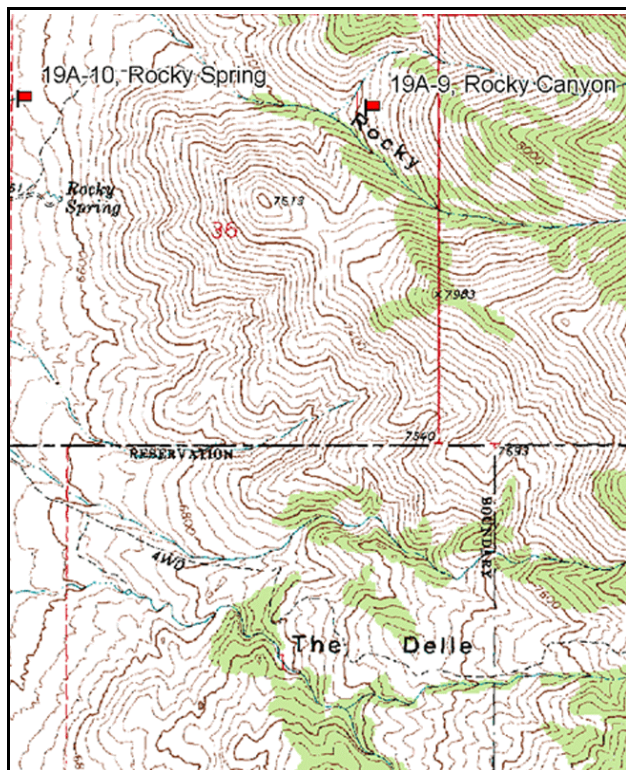
Vegetation type: Mountain Big Sagebrush

Compass bearing: frequency baseline 110 degrees magnetic.

Frequency belt placement: line 1 (11ft), line 2 (34ft), line 3 (59ft), line 4 (71ft), and line 5 (95ft). Rebar: belt 3 on 1ft.

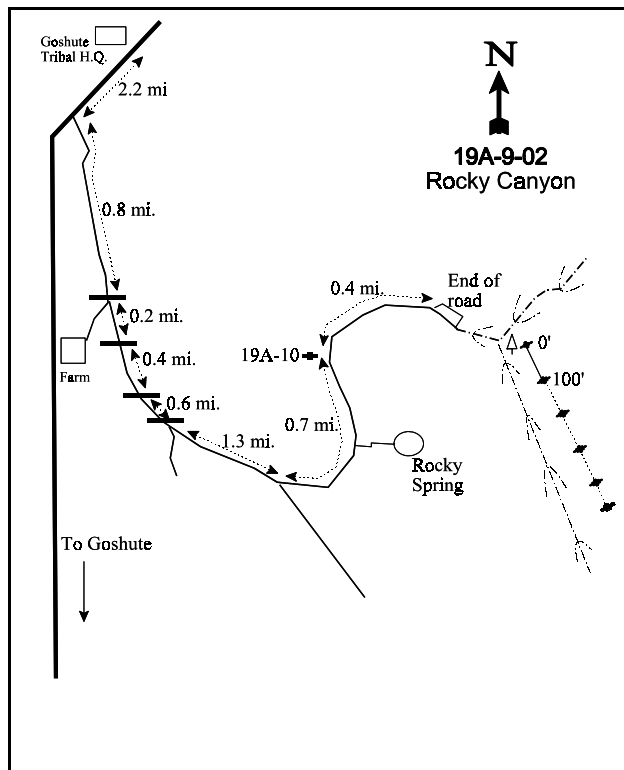
### LOCATION DESCRIPTION

From Ibapah, proceed southeast for ~5.11 miles to a road on the left (southeast) or from the Goshute Tribal Headquarters the road is 2.2 miles further south. Proceed on this road for 0.8 miles to a fence crossing the road and farm. Go through the fence to another fence 0.2 miles further. Go 0.4 miles to another fence with a big gate. Go 0.6 miles to road to the south crossing a gate just before the road. From the intersection, continue on previously travel road for another 1.3 miles to a road going southeast. Continue on main road for 0.7 miles to a witness post on the left side of the road. This witness post is for 19A-10. From the witness post, go 0.4 miles to the end of the road. Park here and walk easternly in the drainage. The drainage will split, from here walk 200 feet eastward out of the drainage toward a lone juniper. The 0-foot stake is 20ft east of the juniper. The 0-foot stake is marked by browse tag #413.



Map Name: Goshute

Township 10S, Range 19W, Section 36



Diagrammatic Sketch

GPS: NAD 27, UTM 12S 4422440 N 249606 E

## DISCUSSION

### Rocky Canyon - Trend Study No. 19A-9

This study was established in 2002 to monitor elk use on the west side of the Deep Creek Mountains. This area is a natural travel corridor for elk that move down in to the lower flats during winter months. The site lies on a moderately steep (34%), southwest facing slope at an elevation of 7,200 feet. This study monitors a mountain big sagebrush-grass community. A pellet group transect read on site in 2002 estimated 25 elk days use/acre (63 edu/ha), 16 deer days use/acre (40 ddu/ha), and 4 cow days use/acre (9 cdu/ha). Cattle were grazing the area quite heavily when the site was established, especially within the canyon bottom leading up to the site. Most of the deer and elk pellets were from winter and spring.

Soils on the site are loam in texture and slightly acidic in reactivity (pH of 6.4). Soils are very rocky both on the surface and throughout the profile. They are moderately shallow with an effective rooting depth of less than 10 inches. Vegetation and litter cover are abundant and minimize erosion even with the steepness of slope. Bare soil was low at under 10% in 2002. The erosion condition class was determined as stable in 2002.

The browse component is dominated by mountain big sagebrush. Mountain big sagebrush density was estimated at 5,340 plants/acre in 2002, and total canopy cover was estimated at over 24%. The population showed mostly light use, moderate decadence (21%), and low recruitment (6%). Thirteen percent of the population displayed poor vigor in 2002. Annual leader growth averaged just under 2 inches. Black sagebrush had an estimated density of 440 plants/acre in 2002. The population showed light use, good vigor, and moderate decadence. Mountain lover density was estimated at 2,400 plants/acre in 2002 with light use and good vigor. Other browse sampled on the site include rubber rabbitbrush, slenderbush eriogonum, broom snakeweed, Oregon grape, and pediocactus.

The herbaceous understory has only fair diversity. Bluebunch wheatgrass, Sandberg bluegrass, and mutton bluegrass provided respectively 42%, 31%, and 18% of the grass cover in 2002. Bluebunch wheatgrass showed light to moderate use. Cheatgrass was sampled in one-third of the quadrats in 2002 and provided 8% of the grass cover on the site. Silvery lupine dominated the forb component as it contributed 77% of the forb cover or 9% of the total vegetation cover on the site. Much of the lupine on the site was dried up and had been utilized by crickets in 2002.

### 2002 APPARENT TREND ASSESSMENT

The soils have good protective cover from vegetation and litter cover, and erosion is low. The erosion condition class was stable in 2002. Mountain big sagebrush is dense and has high canopy cover. The population is mostly mature and shows mostly light use. Trend appears stable. The herbaceous understory has only fair diversity and abundance. Bluebunch wheatgrass, Sandberg bluegrass, mutton bluegrass, and silvery lupine are the most abundant species. Annual grasses and forbs are present but not particularly abundant. The abundance of sagebrush on the site may be suppressing understory species, but that is difficult to determine until the next reading.

HERBACEOUS TRENDS --

Herd unit 19A, Study no: 9

T y p e	Species	Nested Frequency	Quadrat Frequency	Average Cover %
		'02	'02	'02
G	Agropyron spicatum	108	38	6.46
G	Bromus tectorum (a)	84	33	1.27
G	Poa bulbosa	9	5	.17
G	Poa fendleriana	99	36	2.75
G	Poa secunda	214	76	4.73
Total for Annual Grasses		84	33	1.27
Total for Perennial Grasses		430	155	14.11
Total for Grasses		514	188	15.39
F	Agoseris glauca	3	1	.00
F	Balsamorhiza hookeri	-	-	.00
F	Chaenactis douglasii	3	1	.03
F	Comandra pallida	12	5	.07
F	Collinsia parviflora (a)	91	34	.37
F	Epilobium brachycarpum (a)	4	2	.01
F	Eriogonum brevicaulis	2	2	.01
F	Hackelia patens	7	6	.05
F	Lupinus argenteus	94	42	4.01
F	Machaeranthera canescens	3	2	.06
F	Microsteris gracilis (a)	2	1	.00
F	Petradorea pumila	3	1	.38
F	Phlox longifolia	15	7	.06
F	Unknown forb-perennial	15	8	.14
Total for Annual Forbs		97	37	0.38
Total for Perennial Forbs		157	75	4.83
Total for Forbs		254	112	5.22

BROWSE TRENDS --

Herd unit 19A, Study no: 9

T y p e	Species	Strip Frequency	Average Cover %
		'02	'02
B	Artemisia nova	5	.74
B	Artemisia tridentata vaseyana	90	20.95
B	Chrysothamnus nauseosus hololeucus	1	.03
B	Eriogonum microthecum	4	.00
B	Gutierrezia sarothrae	15	.63
B	Juniperus osteosperma	1	-
B	Juniperus scopulorum	1	-
B	Mahonia repens	39	.87
B	Pachistima myrsinites	8	1.36
B	Pediocactus simpsonii	1	.03
B	Pinus monophylla	1	-
Total for Browse		166	24.62

CANOPY COVER -- LINE INTERCEPT

Herd unit 19A, Study no: 9

Species	Percent Cover
	'02
Artemisia nova	2.67
Artemisia tridentata vaseyana	24.58
Gutierrezia sarothrae	1.08
Mahonia repens	.75
Pachistima myrsinites	1.67

Key Browse Annual Leader Growth

Herd unit 19A , Study no: 9

Species	Average leader growth (in)
	'02
Artemisia tridentata vaseyana	1.9

BASIC COVER --

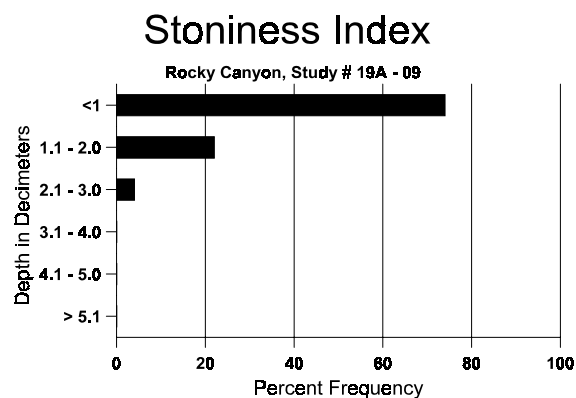
Herd unit 19A, Study no: 9

Cover Type	Nested Frequency	Average Cover %
	'02	'02
Vegetation	377	42.00
Rock	330	27.06
Pavement	197	4.01
Litter	442	33.46
Cryptogams	29	.33
Bare Ground	195	9.78

SOIL ANALYSIS DATA --

Herd Unit 19A, Study no: 9, Rocky Canyon

Effective rooting depth (in)	Temp °F (depth)	pH	%sand	%silt	%clay	%0M	PPM P	PPM K	dS/m
9.7	63.6 (11.5)	6.4	41.3	34.7	24.0	4.7	19.0	361.6	0.7



PELLET GROUP FREQUENCY --

Herd unit 19A, Study no: 9

Type	Quadrat Frequency	Pellet Transect	
		Pellet Groups per Acre	Days Use per Acre (ha)
	'02	'02	'02
Rabbit	3	-	-
Elk	15	331	25 (63)
Deer	6	209	16 (40)
Cattle	-	44	4 (9)

## BROWSE CHARACTERISTICS --

Herd unit 19A, Study no: 9

A G R E	Y R	Form Class (No. of Plants)									Vigor Class				Plants Per Acre	Average (inches) Ht. Cr.		Total
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1	2	3	4				
Artemisia nova																		
Y	02	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	20		1	
M	02	17	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	17	-	-	-	340	8 18	17	
D	02	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	1	80		4	
% Plants Showing '02		<u>Moderate Use</u> 00%			<u>Heavy Use</u> 00%			<u>Poor Vigor</u> 05%			<u>%Change</u>							
Total Plants/Acre (excluding Dead & Seedlings)												'02	440	Dec:	18%			
Artemisia tridentata vaseyana																		
Y	02	16	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	17	-	-	-	340		17	
M	02	175	12	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	190	-	-	3	3860	21 31	193	
D	02	44	6	2	2	3	-	-	-	-	25	-	1	31	1140		57	
X	02	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	700		35	
% Plants Showing '02		<u>Moderate Use</u> 08%			<u>Heavy Use</u> 03%			<u>Poor Vigor</u> 13%			<u>%Change</u>							
Total Plants/Acre (excluding Dead & Seedlings)												'02	5340	Dec:	21%			
Chrysothamnus nauseosus hololeucus																		
M	02	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	20	17 4	1	
% Plants Showing '02		<u>Moderate Use</u> 00%			<u>Heavy Use</u> 00%			<u>Poor Vigor</u> 00%			<u>%Change</u>							
Total Plants/Acre (excluding Dead & Seedlings)												'02	20	Dec:	-			
Chrysothamnus viscidiflorus viscidiflorus																		
M	02	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	16 16	0	
% Plants Showing '02		<u>Moderate Use</u> 00%			<u>Heavy Use</u> 00%			<u>Poor Vigor</u> 00%			<u>%Change</u>							
Total Plants/Acre (excluding Dead & Seedlings)												'02	0	Dec:	-			
Eriogonum microthecum																		
Y	02	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	20		1	
M	02	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	1	-	-	100	7 13	5	
% Plants Showing '02		<u>Moderate Use</u> 00%			<u>Heavy Use</u> 00%			<u>Poor Vigor</u> 00%			<u>%Change</u>							
Total Plants/Acre (excluding Dead & Seedlings)												'02	120	Dec:	-			

A G R E	Y R	Form Class (No. of Plants)									Vigor Class				Plants Per Acre	Average (inches) Ht. Cr.	Total
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1	2	3	4			
Gutierrezia sarothrae																	
M	02	30	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	28	1	1	-	600	8	12
D	02	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	1	40		
% Plants Showing '02		<u>Moderate Use</u> 00%			<u>Heavy Use</u> 00%			<u>Poor Vigor</u> 06%			<u>%Change</u>						
Total Plants/Acre (excluding Dead & Seedlings)														'02	640	Dec:	6%
Juniperus osteosperma																	
M	02	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	20	-	-
% Plants Showing '02		<u>Moderate Use</u> 00%			<u>Heavy Use</u> 00%			<u>Poor Vigor</u> 00%			<u>%Change</u>						
Total Plants/Acre (excluding Dead & Seedlings)														'02	20	Dec:	-
Juniperus scopulorum																	
Y	02	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	20		
% Plants Showing '02		<u>Moderate Use</u> 00%			<u>Heavy Use</u> 00%			<u>Poor Vigor</u> 00%			<u>%Change</u>						
Total Plants/Acre (excluding Dead & Seedlings)														'02	20	Dec:	-
Mahonia repens																	
Y	02	9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	1	-	-	180		
M	02	222	-	-	36	-	-	11	-	-	216	16	37	-	5380	3	4
D	02	21	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	20	440		
X	02	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	140		
% Plants Showing '02		<u>Moderate Use</u> 00%			<u>Heavy Use</u> 00%			<u>Poor Vigor</u> 19%			<u>%Change</u>						
Total Plants/Acre (excluding Dead & Seedlings)														'02	6000	Dec:	7%
Pachistima myrsinites																	
S	02	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	20		
Y	02	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	40		
M	02	104	-	-	11	-	-	-	-	-	115	-	-	-	2300	3	8
D	02	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	2	60		
% Plants Showing '02		<u>Moderate Use</u> 00%			<u>Heavy Use</u> 00%			<u>Poor Vigor</u> 02%			<u>%Change</u>						
Total Plants/Acre (excluding Dead & Seedlings)														'02	2400	Dec:	3%
Pediocactus simpsonii																	
M	02	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	20	2	2
% Plants Showing '02		<u>Moderate Use</u> 00%			<u>Heavy Use</u> 00%			<u>Poor Vigor</u> 00%			<u>%Change</u>						
Total Plants/Acre (excluding Dead & Seedlings)														'02	20	Dec:	

A G E	Y R	Form Class (No. of Plants)									Vigor Class				Plants Per Acre	Average (inches) Ht. Cr.	Total
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1	2	3	4			
Pinus monophylla																	
S	02	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	2	-	-	-	40		2
Y	02	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	20		1
% Plants Showing '02		<u>Moderate Use</u> 00%			<u>Heavy Use</u> 00%			<u>Poor Vigor</u> 00%			<u>%Change</u>						
Total Plants/Acre (excluding Dead & Seedlings)												'02	20	Dec:	-		
Purshia tridentata																	
M	02	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	29 90	0
% Plants Showing '02		<u>Moderate Use</u> 00%			<u>Heavy Use</u> 00%			<u>Poor Vigor</u> 00%			<u>%Change</u>						
Total Plants/Acre (excluding Dead & Seedlings)												'02	0	Dec:	-		